

**Policy: MP213**

**Section: Medical Benefit Policy**

**Subject: Computerized Corneal Topography**

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**I. Policy:** Computerized Corneal Topography

**II. Purpose/Objective:**

To provide a policy of coverage regarding Computerized Corneal Topography

**III. Responsibility:**

- A. Medical Directors
- B. Medical Management

**IV. Required Definitions**

1. Attachment – a supporting document that is developed and maintained by the policy writer or department requiring/authoring the policy.
2. Exhibit – a supporting document developed and maintained in a department other than the department requiring/authoring the policy.
3. Devised – the date the policy was implemented.
4. Revised – the date of every revision to the policy, including typographical and grammatical changes.
5. Reviewed – the date documenting the annual review if the policy has no revisions necessary.

**V. Additional Definitions**

Medical Necessity or Medically Necessary means Covered Services rendered by a Health Care Provider that the Plan determines are:

- a. appropriate for the symptoms and diagnosis or treatment of the Member's condition, illness, disease or injury;
- b. provided for the diagnosis, and the direct care and treatment of the Member's condition, illness disease or injury;
- c. in accordance with current standards of good medical treatment practiced by the general medical community.
- d. not primarily for the convenience of the Member, or the Member's Health Care Provider; and
- e. the most appropriate source or level of service that can safely be provided to the Member. When applied to hospitalization, this further means that the Member requires acute care as an inpatient due to the nature of the services rendered or the Member's condition, and the Member cannot receive safe or adequate care as an outpatient.

**Medicaid Business Segment**

Medical Necessity shall mean a service or benefit that is compensable under the Medical Assistance Program and if it meets any one of the following standards:

- (i) The service or benefit will, or is reasonably expected to, prevent the onset of an illness, condition or disability.
- (ii) The service or benefit will, or is reasonably expected to, reduce or ameliorate the physical, mental or development effects of an illness, condition, injury or disability.
- (iii) The service or benefit will assist the Member to achieve or maintain maximum functional

capacity in performing daily activities, taking into account both the functional capacity of the Member and those functional capacities that are appropriate for members of the same age.

**DESCRIPTION:** Computerized Corneal Topography, also known as videokeratography and Computer- assisted Keratography, is a technique used for mapping the surface curvature of the cornea. The process utilizes a special instrument which projects a series of light rings on the cornea, creating a color-coded map of the corneal surface. Computer algorithms then compute the curvature of the cornea at each point.

**INDICATIONS:** Computerized Corneal Topography may be considered medically necessary for ANY of the following indications:

- Diagnosis and management of keratoconus, bullous keratopathy, corneal scarring, or corneal dystrophy;
- Complications post-corneal transplant
- Central corneal ulcer
- Post-operative management of penetrating keratoplasty or cataract surgery;
- pterygium and/or corneal ectasia

**EXCLUSIONS:**

If the Plan does **NOT** provide coverage for any surgery to correct the refractive error of the eye, then the use of Computerized Corneal Topography would **NOT** be covered for the routine pre-operative or post-operative evaluation of the cornea when associated with refractive surgeries (i.e. LASIK, radial Keratotomy).

There is insufficient evidence in the available published, peer-reviewed medical literature to support the use of Computerized Corneal Topography outside of the established indications listed above. Other uses of Computerized Corneal Topography are considered experimental, investigational or unproven and are **NOT COVERED**.

**Note: A complete description of the process by which a given technology or service is evaluated and determined to be experimental, investigational or unproven is outlined in MP 15 - Experimental Investigational or Unproven Services or Treatment.**

**CODING ASSOCIATED WITH:** Computerized Corneal Topography

*The following codes are included below for informational purposes and may not be all inclusive. Inclusion of a procedure or device code(s) does not constitute or imply coverage nor does it imply or guarantee provider reimbursement. Coverage is determined by the member specific benefit plan document and any applicable laws regarding coverage of specific services. Please note that per Medicare coverage rules, only specific CPT/HCPCS Codes may be covered for the Medicare Business Segment. Please consult the CMS website at [www.cms.gov](http://www.cms.gov) or the local Medicare Administrative Carrier (MAC) for more information on Medicare coverage and coding requirements.*

**92025** Computerized corneal topography, unilateral or bilateral, with interpretation and report

Current Procedural Terminology (CPT®) © American Medical Association: Chicago, IL

**LINE OF BUSINESS:**

**Eligibility and contract specific benefits, limitations and/or exclusions will apply. Coverage statements found in the line of business specific benefit document will supersede this policy. For Medicare, applicable LCD's and NCD's will supersede this policy. For PA Medicaid Business segment, this policy applies as written.**

**REFERENCES:**

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This policy will be revised as necessary and reviewed no less than annually.

**Devised:** 03/2008

**Revised:** 4/15, 4/18 refined criteria; 4/20(add indication)

**Reviewed:** 3/09, 3/10, 3/11, 3/12, 3/13, 3/14, 5/16, 4/17,4/19,